Guide to Building Your Own Tesla Personal Supercomputer System   Print PDF

This guide is to help you build a Tesla Personal Supercomputer. If you have experience in building systems/workstations, you may want to build your own system. Otherwise, the easiest thing is to buy an off-the-shelf Tesla Personal Supercomputer from one of these resellers.

As with building any system, it is at your own risk and responsibility. There are many possible components to choose from when you build such a system. NVIDIA provides general guidance, but cannot test every configuration and combination of components.

Minimum Specifications of Main Components

These minimum specifications are for folks who want to label their system a "Tesla Personal Supercomputer". You can of course build a workstation with fewer Tesla GPUs in it.

- 3x Tesla C1060
- Quad-core CPU: 2.33 GHz (Intel or AMD)
- 12 GB of system memory (4GB of system memory per Tesla C1060)
- Linux 64-bit or Windows XP 64-bit
- System acoustics < 45 dBA
- 1200 W power supply

Example of Complete 4 Tesla C1060 System Configuration

This is a list of suggested components to build a 4x Tesla C1060 PSC. Several of these components such as the memory, CPU, power supply, case, can be substituted with an appropriate equivalent and suitable component. We do not certify any components for the PSC; this is left to the system builders.

	4 Tesla C1060 Configuration
Motherboard	Tyan S7025
PCI-e bandwidth	4x PCI-e x16 Gen2 slots
Tesla GPUs	4x Tesla C1060
Graphics	On-board graphics (works with Linux, Windows requires NVIDIA GPU in one of the PCI-e slots
CPU	Dual-socket Intel Xeon Nehalem

Memory	24 GB (4x 4GB) DDR3 DIMMs (motherboard takes up to 64 GB)
Power Supply	Coolmax CUQ-1350B 1350W
Case	Lian Li PC-P80
Hard drive	640 GB
DVD drive	DVD burner
CPU fan, heat sink	For the Intel Xeon

Pre-built SuperMicro SuperServer 7046GT-TRF (LINK TO
http://www.supermicro.com/products/system/4U/7046/SYS-7046GT-TRF.cfm)
4 GPU system, dual-socket Nehalem, up to 96 GB of memory

3 Tesla C1060 Configurations

	3 Tesla Configuration + 1 Quadro FX5800	
PCI-e bandwidth	4 PCI-e x16 Gen2 Slots	4 PCI-e x8 Gen2 Slots
Motherboards	ASUS P6T7 WS SuperComputer	AsRock X58 SuperComputer
Tesla GPUs	3x Tesla C1060	3x Tesla C1060
Display GPU	1x Quadro FX or NVS	1x Quadro FX or NVS
CPU	Intel Xeon E55xx / Core i7	Intel Core i7
Min Memory	24 GB DDR3	24 GB DDR3
Power Supply	1200W	1200W

Motherboards
The Tesla C1060 computing processor is a dual-wide PCI-e x16 Gen2 board. It can be used in a
Gen 1 PCI-e x16 slot as well, but this leads to lower system bandwidth between the CPU and
GPU, which may impact application performance (depends on the application).

So, you need to use motherboards that have 3 or 4 PCI-e x16 slots that are dual slot apart from
each other.

CPUs
Choice of CPU is determined by the motherboard you use. We recommend that you use at least a
2.33 GHz quad-core CPU such as:

- Intel Xeon or Core i7 quad-core

- AMD Phenom or Opteron quad-core

System Memory
Since each Tesla C1060 has 4GB of GPU memory, we recommend 4GB of system memory per Tesla C1060. So, for a 3x Tesla C1060 system, include at least 12 GB of system memory and for 4x Tesla C1060 system, configure with at least 16GB of system memory.

Power Supplies
There are several choices for power supplies. Choose a good power supply that is rated at least 1200 Watts or better still 1350 Watts. An example is the Coolmax CUQ-1350B 1350W power supply. Note, each Tesla C1060 requires either two 6-pin power connectors or one 8-pin power connector. This is important consideration while selecting power supplies.

Hard Drive, DVD, other components
Hard and DVD drive choices are left to you. In general, it is best to have at least 160GB of hard drive.

Computer Cases / Chassis
The case / chassis choice is important, since when you plug in four Tesla C1060 boards in, it needs a case that has 8 slots (which is larger than the usual ATX case).

Commercially available off-the-shelf cases with 8+ slots are

- Lian-Li PC-P80
- ThermalTake ArmorPlus
- ABS Canyon 695

It may be possible to take a 7-slot chassis and cut an extra 8th slot to accommodate the four dual-wide GPU boards. Try at your own risk!

System Cooling
Some system cases (like the Lian-Li) come with system fans of their own. In general, we recommend at least one case fan placed so that it is blowing air on the side of the Tesla boards (i.e., blowing air directly at the motherboard). The key is to keep the ambient temperature inside the case below 45C.

Operating Systems
We recommend either Linux 64-bit or Window XP 64-bit for best operation of this high-memory, high-performance system.

Verifying your System
Once you assemble your system and install an operating system on it, please download the CUDA driver, CUDA toolkit and optionally the CUDA SDK examples from CUDA Zone.

After you download the CUDA driver, toolkit and SDK examples, run the following commands from the CUDA SDK.

- deviceQuery
    - This will report the number of Tesla GPUs in the system
- bandwidthTest --memory=pinned --device=N
    - Run for each C1060, where N=0, 1, 2, 3 for 4 C1060s in the system
    - This will report the PCI-E bandwidth to and from the CPU and each of the GPUs
    - Peak PCI-E x16 Gen2 bandwidth is between 5 and 6 GBytes/sec. PCI-E x16 Gen1 and PCI-E x8 Gen2 are about half that.
- nbody --benchmark --n=131072 --device=N
    - Run simultaneously for as many instances as Tesla GPUs in your system.
    - That is, for 4 Tesla C1060s, run 4 instances with N=0,1,2,3 simultaneously
    - This will run the nbody program on all the Tesla GPUs

Please use the DGEMM burn-in test as well to test the stability of your installation.

Reporting problems/questions
NVIDIA offers no direct support to individuals building their own Tesla Personal Supercomputers. However, we recommend using the CUDA forums to ask other CUDA developers about their experiences in building these systems.

Learn more about Tesla C1060

Submit a picture of your Tesla Personal Supercomputer and we will display it here in a gallery of PSCs.